THE

SATURDAY, MARCH 6, 1784. [No. 1171.]

NEWPORT MERCURY.

Containing the freſheſt ADVICES FOREIGN and DOMESTIC.

Printed by HENRY BARBER, at the Foot of the PARADE.

"*Whene'er our Country calls—Friends, Sons, and Sires, ſhould yield their Treaſure*
"*up, nor own a Senſe beyond the Public Safety.*" BROOKES's GUSTAVUS VASA.

From the INDEPENDENT GAZETTEER.

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Beyond doubt thoſe perſons have the firſt right to the public ear, whoſe ſervices have benefited their fellow-men, who have promoted the arts and ſciences, refined and foſtered manners, and dignified their country. Theſe characters, like ſome elegant picture, drawn by a maſterly hand, ſtrike us with ſuperior luſtre; and their praiſes and excellencies are always ſweet in the mouths of good and grateful men.

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No ſooner are ſuch characters deceaſed and gone, than the world is filled with memoirs and ſtories reſpecting their life and converſation—And even their laſt wills and teſtaments, compoſed in the cool moments of mature reflection, have been publiſhed to the world.

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It may, however, check the paſſions of malignity to obſerve, that the Writer of this Will is now in his grave, counted with the ſilent dead, and is gone to that diſtant world, to which we are all daily advancing; from whoſe confines no weary traveller with tidings, hath yet returned; and to which heavenly place nothing is a better recommendation than the generous exerciſe of CHARITY and BENEVOLENCE, the fountains of every moral excellence.

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"I Major-General Charles Lee, of the county of Berkely, in the commonwealth of Virginia, being in perfect health, and of a ſound mind, conſidering the certainty of death and the uncertainty of the time it may happen, have determined to make this my Will and Teſtament in manner following—That is to ſay; I give and bequeath to A. W. Eſq; one hundred guineas, in conſideration of the zeal and integrity he has diſplayed in the adminiſtration of my affairs; alſo the choice of any two of my colts and fillies under four years of age. Item, I give and bequeath to C. M. T. Eſq. fifty guineas, in conſideration of his good qualities, and of the friendſhip he has manifeſted for me; and to B. T. his ſon, I leave all my books, as I know he will make a good uſe of them. To my good friend J. M. Eſq; of Marlbro' in Virginia, I give and bequeath the choice of two brood mares, of all my ſwords and piſtols, and ten guineas to buy a ring—I would give him more, but as he has a good eſtate and a better genius, he has ſufficient if he knows how to make a good uſe of them. I give and bequeath to my former Aid-de-Camp O. B. Eſq; the choice of another brood mare, and ten guineas for the ſame purpoſe of a remembrance ring. I give and bequeath to my worthy friend Col. W. G. of Dumfries, the ſecond choice of two colts; and to my excellent friend W. S. of Virginia, I would leave a great deal; but as he is now ſo rich, it would be no leſs than robbing my other friends who are poor; I therefore entreat he will only accept of five guineas to purchaſe him a ring of affection. I bequeath to my old and faithful Servant, or rather HUMBLE FRIEND GUISIPPE MINGHINI, three hundred guineas, with all my horſes, mares, and colts of every kind, thoſe above-mentioned excepted; likewiſe all my wearing apparel and plate, my waggons and tools of agriculture, and his choice of four milch cows. I give and bequeath to Elizabeth Dunn, my houſe-keeper, one hundred guineas, and my whole ſtock of cattle, the four milch cows above-mentioned only excepted. I had almoſt forgot my dear friends (and I ought to be aſhamed of it) Mrs. S. her ſon T. S. T. I. Eſq; of Belviere; I beg they will accept ten guineas each to buy rings of affection.

"My landed eſtate in Berkely, I deſire may be divided in three equal parts, according to quality and quantity; one third part I deviſe to my dear friend J. M. of Philadelphia—one other third part to E. E. both my former Aid-de-camps, and to their heirs and aſſigns—The other third part I deviſe to E. O. at preſent of Philadelphia, and to W. G. of Baltimore, to whom I am under obligations, and to their heirs and aſſigns, to be equally divided between them: But theſe deviſees are not to enter until they have paid off the ſeveral legacies above-mentioned, and all taxes which may be due on my eſtate. In caſe I ſhould ſell my ſaid landed eſtate, I bequeath the price thereof (after paying the aforeſaid legacies) to the ſaid J. M. E. E. E. O. and W. G. in proportion above-mentioned. All my ſlaves of which I may be poſſeſſed at the time of my deceaſe, I bequeath to Guiſippe Minghini, and Elizabeth Dunn, to be equally divided between them. All my other property of every kind, and in every part of the world (after all my debts, funeral charges, and neceſſary expences of adminiſtration are paid) I give and bequeath to my ſiſter S. L. her heirs and aſſigns. And I do appoint the above-named A. W. and C. M. T. Executors of this my laſt will and teſtament, and do revoke all former and other wills by me heretofore made.

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LONDON, October 4.

The Princes, of whom the Princess of Asturias was delivered, were christened on the 9th of Sept. and received twenty six names each.

They write from Vivarais, that a naturalist having examined into the nature of the lava of some extinguished volcanos in that province, hath discovered the secret of employing it in making bottles of an extreme lightness, and which weigh no more than four ounces, though those of glass weigh from sixteen to seventeen. Some particulars of this discovery are soon expected to appear. The bottles made of the lava are less transparent, and more brittle than the ordinary ones; but if their price is less, they may yet be useful; and there is reason to think that other vessels may be formed of the lava, and by new combination, a solidity given to them which did not occur on the first experiment.

Oct. 23. It is not laws alone, it is not the mere form of government that constitutes the power and grandeur of a people; but something superior to this, an inherent quality in the people themselves, which arises from local from provincial causes. Therefore, whatever advantages the Americans may derive from a general trade, or from a new system of legislation, if the genius and temper of people remain the same, the same circumstances which have hitherto operated against them, must keep their force, and prevent great part of the prosperity that is promised them. A want of industry, a love of pleasure, an inclination to pride, are still to be overcome, before they can establish a rich and a flourishing empire.

How differently were ladies educated in the days of queen Elizabeth from what they are now; then they were not ashamed to be acquainted with the antient and modern languages and polite literature of every kind; whereas the ladies of our times, instead of spending their hours in reading books of science or morality, waste away the whole of their precious moments in the inspection of toys, baubles, and trifles of that sort, or in the mighty business of dress. These momentuous matters engross the whole of their attention, and leave their minds totally unimproved. This levity in the sex is owing principally to the perusal of novels, which are grown so numerous, and are so replete with unchaste and indelicate sentiments, that it would be a great happiness if they could be suppressed; for they bewitch the affections of the unwary fair, render vice familiar to artless innocence, break down the barriers of virtue, which ought to be altogether impregnable, and hold up to their view pictures of vice, that ought not to be seen even with the *Mind's eye.*

In the last South Carolina Gazette of August 16th, is the following curious advertisement.:

"Wanted immediately, a wet nurse, either "white, yellow, brown, red or black, with a "good breast of milk, and a decent nipple"

The following are the number of shipwrights intended to be kept in constant employ at the King's yards. Deptford, 550: Woolwich, 600: Chatham, 750: Portsmouth, 800: Plymouth, 800: Sheerness and Harwich, 450.

Among the other articles of intelligence communicated to the East-India Company, by the despatches brought to Europe in the Swedish ship, is the loss of the Queen man of war, which was taken by the Dutch not far from the coast of Batavia.

The political horizon of the stock exchange has varied within these four days in a most surprising manner, and contrary to former times, for ever since the news of the definitive treaty was announced to the public by the gazette, the funds have been gradually on the decline, and look as if they would be lower. Various reasons have been assigned for this extraordinary circumstance, the most probable of which is, that the large sums that have been bought at different periods on speculation, kept up the price of stocks beyond the true value, and the peace having closed these transactions, real bargains only can create a rise, which, from the scarcity of money, are very inconsiderable. This, joined to the present disposition of the Dutch, who take every opportunity of drawing out their money, is the best reason that can be assigned for the decline of public credit, which, at the close of former wars, used to be considerably advanced.

KINGSTON (*Jamaica*) Nov. 29.

A large Spanish ship from Carthagena, laden with cocoa, indigo, cotton, &c. was drove on Morant Quays in a gale of wind, about six days since, and entirely gone to pieces; the crew were providentially saved.

The Bostonians, from being puritannical, are become the politest people in the world; for besides the theatre which they hope will be established, they have assemblies and dances every week. Some of their favourite dances take their names from the warlike events of late years; such as the Saratoga jigg; Sir Henry's minuet; Mrs. Lee's fancy; the big bow wow; push about the loyalists; with some Congress reels, &c.

Dec. 6. Monday came on at the supreme court in Spanish Town, an action of damages for crim. con. with the wife of the honorable Robert Sewell, esquire, his majesty's attorney-general, brought by him against the honorable captain Monson, of the 14th regiment; the trial lasted several hours, and the jury returned a verdict for the plaintiff, of 5000l. with costs.

Last week one of the Maroons belonging to Charlestown, being disgusted at a supposed indignity offered him, shot himself through the head, and instantly expired.

We are informed of the following extraordinary circumstance, by a gentleman of undoubted veracity: A hog, supposed to have been bit by a mad dog, was killed in this town about ten days since, in the highest stage of the Hydrophobia, and a young fowl that was observed to peck at some saliva that had dropped from his mouth, was on the eighth day after, seized with convulsions, and died seemingly in great agony, frothing at the bill, being apparently affected with the canine disorder.

PHILADELPHIA, January 21.

At a meeting of the American Philosophical Society, on Friday evening, the 16th instant, the following gentlemen were elected members of the Society, viz. The Count de Campomanes, Fiscal of the Council of Castile, the Rev. Dr. Samuel Magaw, Samuel Vaughan, Esq; the Rev. Mr. Jeremiah Beknap, of Dover, in New-Hampshire, Major Ferdinand. J. S. de Brahm, Mr. ——— Haywood, of South-Carolina, Mr. Archibald Gamble, the Rev. Mr. Just, Henry Helmuth, M. James Six, of Canterbury, Monsr. le Comte d'Angebille, Monsr. le Comte de Vergennes, M. John Dunlap, M. Peter John Van Berekel, Minister Plenipotentiary from the United Provinces of the Netherlands; Mr. George Fox, George Gray, Esq. Speaker of the Assembly, Dr. John Fouk, Doctor Barnabas Binney, the Rev. Mr. Robert Blackwell, Mr. Jonathan D. Sergeant, Mr. John Vaughan.

Extract from the Minutes,
R. PATTERSON, Sec'ry.

TRENTON *Feb.* 10.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in high office, dated Annapolis, Jan. 20.

"I inclose you a copy of an act of Congress of the 15th inst. relative to the interest already due, or to become due on a certain class of loan-office certificates; although it was passed in consequence of a particular application from the public creditors in the city and neighbourhood of Philadelphia, yet being general in its operation, the citizens of New-Jersey will be equally benefited by it; and as the legislature at their last sitting directed the treasurer to issue certificates, payable in taxes, for the annual interest of the whole of this part of the funded debt, it is proper it should be made known to the holders of this species of notes, that they may avail themselves equally with the citizens of Pennsylvania of this act of Congress."

By the UNITED STATES in Congress assembled, Jan. 15, 1784.

Resolved, That the interest which has or may become due on loan office certificates, bearing date between the first day of September 1784, and the first day of March 1778, is not subjected to any depreciation.

CHARLES THOMSON, Sec'ry.

A correspondent informs us, that there was scarcely ever a time when matters of a more serious and important nature were before Congress; and that the *permanent residence* of that honorable body will again be shortly agitated.

NEW-YORK, February 19.

By the Coroner of the city, we are informed of an instance of the most inhuman treatment that depravity could produce, committed by one BARBARY STILWELL, a resident in the West Ward of this city, in ill treating and murdering William Carpenter, a child between two and three years old, who was left by his parents, previous to the evacuation of this city (and who are gone to Halifax) with the said Barbary Stilwell, in order to be taken care of by her, as a nurse. On information to the Coroner a jury was summoned, who brought in their verdict WILFUL MURDER.—The woman was immediately detected, and is safely secured.

MARINUS WILLET, Esquire, is appointed High Sheriff of this City.

His Most Christian Majesty's Packet, Le Courier de New-York, mentioned in our last, to be arrived at the Hook, came into our port last Thursday evening.

NEW-HAVEN. February 11.

Yesterday came on the Election of City officers, for this Corporation, when the Hon. ROGER SHERMAN, Esq; was chosen Mayor. All the other officers were not elected when this paper went to press, last evening.

They have also incorporated the north west part of New-Haven, and the north part of Milford. (including the parishes of Amity and Bethany) into a township, by the name of *Woodbridge*.

NEW-LONDON, February 13.

The General Assembly of this State, at the present Session, have passed an act for incorporating the Town Plat of this town, by the style of "*The Mayor, Aldermen, Common Council, and Freemen of the City of New-London.*"

NEWPORT, March 6.

The Honorable GENERAL ASSEMBLY of this State on Saturday last adjourned to the first Wednesday in May next, then to meet in this Town.

A Paris Paper of October 27, says, "We hear that the Marquis of Segur, Minister at Secretary of State for the War Department, has ordered Conductors, otherwise called electric Rods, to be fixed throughout the Kingdom on all Powder Magazines, Arsenals, Barracks, Saltpetre Manufactories, and in short on all military Edefices. The Elector of Bavaria has likewise issued the same Orders throughout his Electorate. Thus while the American War has enlarged our political Ideas, and laid the Foundation of a new Æra in the Annals of Mankind, the Discoveries of her Philosophers came likewise to our Assistance, and now will save our public Buildings from the Fire of Heaven. May our most useful Discoveries in their turn, acquit Part of the Debt we owe this new People."

The State of New-York have made choice of General M'Dougall, John Lansing, jun. Ephraim Paine, Walter Livingston, and Charles De Witt, Esq'rs, to represent that State in Congress.

Thursday the 29th of January, the Lower House of Assembly of the State of Connecticut came to a Vote respecting the Impost recommended by Congress, when the Yeas and Nays being required, they were as follows: Yeas 37, Nays 69.

A Letter from Hartford to a Person in New-York, says, "The Corporation of New-Haven is to consist of a Mayor, Aldermen, and Common Council, Officers hitherto unknown in the Eastern States: Nothing can be more wise and more liberal than the Principles on which their Charter is founded; the Corporation will enjoy a greater Degree of Power than in any Government; suffice it to say, that the recovery of any Debt whatever cannot exceed Three Months. This Charter, which will soon be printed, offers to every Man, of whatever religion or political Principles, the Right of Citizenship, legal Protection and a Participation of all Immunities. The Power of this Corporation extends to the Embellishment of their City: They propose to have all their Streets, which are spacious, planted with Trees, their Houses uniform, and all the Roads leading to it strait, and adorned on both Sides with a double Plantation of Elms, as far as their Jurisdiction extends. Early in the Spring they intend carrying their Pier more than a Quarter of a Mile further out, and to add to it whatever will render the Harbour safe and convenient. They likewise propose to cut a Canal of Three Miles to unite Part of the River Farmington with the Waters of their own; this will open an

LONDON, October 4.

The Princes, of whom the Princeſs of Aſturias was delivered, were chriſtened on the 9th of Sept. and received twenty ſix names each.

They write from Vivarais, that a naturaliſt having examined into the nature of the lava of ſome extinguiſhed volcanos in that province, hath diſcovered the ſecret of employing it in making bottles of an extreme lightneſs, and which weigh no more than four ounces, though thoſe of glaſs weigh from ſixteen to ſeventeen. Some particulars of this diſcovery are ſoon expected to appear. The bottles made of the lava are leſs tranſparent, and more brittle than the ordinary ones; but if their price is leſs, they may yet be uſeful; and there is reaſon to think that other veſſels may be formed of the lava, and by new combination, a ſolidity given to them which did not occur on the firſt experiment.

Oct. 23. It is not laws alone, it is not the mere form of government that conſtitutes the power and grandeur of a people; but ſomething ſuperior to this, an inherent quality in the people themſelves, which ariſes from local from provincial cauſes. Therefore, whatever advantages the Americans may derive from a general trade, or from a new ſyſtem of legiſlation, if the genius and temper of people remain the ſame, the ſame circumſtances which have hitherto operated againſt them, muſt keep their force, and prevent great part of the proſperity that is promiſed them. A want of induſtry, a love of pleaſure, an inclination to pride, are ſtill to be overcome, before they can eſtabliſh a rich and a flouriſhing empire.

How differently were ladies educated in the days of queen Elizabeth from what they are now; then they were not aſhamed to be acquainted with the antient and modern languages and polite literature of every kind; whereas the ladies of our times, inſtead of ſpending their hours in reading books of ſcience or morality, waſte away the whole of their precious moments in the inſpection of toys, baubles, and trifles of that ſort, or in the mighty buſineſs of dreſs. Theſe momentuous matters engroſs the whole of their attention, and leave their minds totally unimproved. This levity in the ſex is owing principally to the peruſal of novels, which are grown ſo numerous, and are ſo replete with unchaſte and indelicate ſentiments, that it would be a great happineſs if they could be ſuppreſſed; for they bewitch the affections of the unwary fair, render vice familiar to artleſs innocence, break down the barriers of virtue, which ought to be altogether impregnable, and hold up to their view pictures of vice, that ought not to be ſeen even with the *Mind's eye.*

In the laſt South Carolina Gazette of Auguſt 26th, is the following curious advertiſement.:

"Wanted immediately, a wet nurſe, either "white, yellow, brown, red or black, with a "good breaſt of milk, and a decent nipple."

The following are the number of ſhipwrights intended to be kept in conſtant employ at the King's yards. Deptford, 550: Woolwich, 600: Chatham, 750: Portſmouth, 800: Plymouth, 800: Sheerneſs and Harwich, 450.

Among the other articles of intelligence communicated to the Eaſt-India Company, by the deſpatches brought to Europe in the Swediſh ſhip, is the loſs of the Queen man of war, which was taken by the Dutch not far from the coaſt of Batavia.

The political horizon of the ſtock exchange has varied within theſe four days in a moſt ſurpriſing manner, and contrary to former times, for ever ſince the news of the definitive treaty was announced to the public by the gazette, the funds have been gradually on the decline, and look as if they would be lower. Various reaſons have been aſſigned for this extraordinary circumſtance, the moſt probable of which is, that the large ſums that have been bought at different periods on ſpeculation, kept up the price of ſtocks beyond the true value, and the peace having cloſed theſe tranſactions, real bargains only can cauſe a riſe, which, from the ſcarcity of money, are very inconſiderable. This, joined to the preſent diſpoſition of the Dutch, who take every opportunity of drawing out their money, is the beſt reaſon that can be aſſigned for the decline of public credit, which, at the cloſe of former wars, uſed to be conſiderably advanced.

KINGSTON (*Jamaica*) Nov. 29.

A large Spaniſh ſhip from Carthagena, laden with cocoa, indigo, cotton, &c. was drove on Morant Quays in a gale of wind, about ſix days ſince, and entirely gone to pieces; the crew were providentially ſaved.

The Boſtonians, from being puritannical, are become the politeſt people in the world; for beſides the theatre which they hope will be eſtabliſhed, they have aſſemblies and dances every week. Some of their favourite dances take their names from the warlike events of late years; ſuch as the Saratoga jigg; Sir Henry's minuet; Mrs. Lee's fancy; the big bow wow; puſh about the loyaliſts; with ſome Congreſs reels, &c.

Dec. 6. Monday came on at the ſupreme court in Spaniſh Town, an action of damages for crim. con. with the wife of the honorable Robert Sewell, eſquire, his majeſty's attorney-general, brought by him againſt the honorable captain Monſon, of the 14th regiment; the trial laſted ſeveral hours, and the jury returned a verdict for the plaintiff, of 5000l. with coſts.

Laſt week one of the Maroons belonging to Charleſtown, being diſguſted at a ſuppoſed indignity offered him, ſhot himſelf through the head, and inſtantly expired.

We are informed of the following extraordinary circumſtance, by a gentleman of undoubted veracity: A hog, ſuppoſed to have been bit by a mad dog, was killed in this town about ten days ſince, in the higheſt ſtage of the Hydrophobia, and a young fowl that was obſerved to peck at ſome ſaliva that had dropped from his mouth, was on the eighth day after, ſeized with convulſions, and died ſeemingly in great agony, frothing at the bill, being apparently affected with the canine diſorder.

PHILADELPHIA, January 21.

At a meeting of the American Philoſophical Society, on Friday evening, the 16th inſtant, the following gentlemen were elected members of the Society, viz. The Count de Campomanes, Fiſcal of the Council of Caſtile, the Rev. Dr. Samuel Magaw, Samuel Vaughan, Eſq; the Rev. Mr. Jeremiah Beknap, of Dover, in New-Hampſhire, Major Ferdinand, J. S. de Brahm, Mr. ——Haywood, of South-Carolina, Mr. Archibald Gamble, the Rev. Mr. Juſt, Henry Helmuth, Mr. James Six, of Canterbury, Monſ. le Compte d'Angebiſſe, Monſ. le Comte de Vergennes, Mr. John Dunlap, M. Peter John Van Berekel, Miniſter Plenipotentiary from the United Provinces of the Netherlands; Mr. George Fox, George Gray, Eſq. Speaker of the Aſſembly, Dr. John Fouk, Doctor Barnabas Binney, the Rev. Mr. Robert Blackwell, Mr. Jonathan D. Sergeant, Mr. John Vaughan.

Extract from the Minutes,

R. PATTERSON, Sec'ry.

TRENTON *Feb.* 10.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in high office, dated Annapolis, Jan. 20.

"I incloſe you a copy of an act of Congreſs of the 15th inſt. relative to the intereſt already due, or to become due on a certain claſs of loan-office certificates; although it was paſſed in conſequence of a particular application from the public creditors in the city and neighbourhood of Philadelphia, yet being general in its operation, the citizens of New-Jerſey will be equally benefited by it; and as the legiſlature at their laſt ſitting directed the treaſurer to iſſue certificates, payable in taxes, for the annual intereſt of the whole of this part of the funded debt, it is proper it ſhould be made known to the holders of this ſpecies of notes, that they may avail themſelves equally with the citizens of Pennſylvania of this act of Congreſs."

By the UNITED STATES in Congreſs aſſembled, Jan. 15, 1784.

Reſolved, That the intereſt which has or may become due on loan office certificates, bearing date between the firſt day of September 1784, and the firſt day of March 1778, is not ſubjected to any depreciation.

CHARLES THOMSON, Sec'ry.

A correſpondent informs us, that there was ſcarcely ever a time when matters of a more ſerious and important nature were before Congreſs; and that the *permanent reſidence* of that honorable body will again be ſhortly agitated.

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By the Coroner of the city, we are informed of an inſtance of the moſt inhuman treatment that depravity could produce, committed by one BARBARY STILWELL, a reſident in the Weſt Ward of this city, in ill treating and murdering William Carpenter, a child between two and three years old, who was left by his parents, previous to the evacuation of this city (and who are gone to Halifax) with the ſaid Barbary Stilwell, in order to be taken care of by her, as a nurſe. On information to the Coroner, a jury was ſummoned, who brought in their verdict WILFUL MURDER—The woman was immediately detected, and is ſafely ſecured.

MARINUS WILLET, Eſquire, is appointed High Sheriff of this City.

His Moſt Chriſtian Majeſty's Packet, Le Courier de New-York, mentioned in our laſt, to be arrived at the Hook, came into our port laſt Thurſday evening.

NEW-HAVEN, February 11.

Yeſterday came on the Election of City officers, for this Corporation, when the Hon. ROGER SHERMAN, Eſq; was choſen Mayor. All the other officers were not elected when this paper went to preſs, laſt evening.

They have alſo incorporated the north-weſt part of New-Haven, and the north part of Milford, (including the pariſhes of Amity and Bethany) into a townſhip, by the name of *Woodbridge.*

NEW-LONDON, February 13.

The General Aſſembly of this State, at their preſent Seſſion, have paſſed an act for incorporating the Town Plat of this town, by the ſtile of "*The Mayor, Aldermen, Common Council, and Freemen of the City of New-London.*"

NEWPORT, March 6.

The Honorable GENERAL ASSEMBLY of this State on Saturday laſt adjourned to the firſt Wedneſday in May next, then to meet in this Town.

A Paris Paper of October 27, ſays, "We hear that the Marquis of Segur, Miniſter and Secretary of State for the War Department, has ordered Conductors, otherwiſe called electrical Rods, to be fixed throughout the Kingdom on all Powder Magazines, Arſenals, Barracks, Saltpetre Manufactories, and in ſhort on all military Edefices. The Elector of Bavaria has likewiſe iſſued the ſame Orders throughout his Electorate. Thus while the American War has enlarged our political Ideas, and laid the Foundation of a new Æra in the Annals of Mankind, the Diſcoveries, of her Philoſophers came likewiſe to our Aſſiſtance, and now will ſave our public Buildings from the Fire of Heaven. May our moſt uſeful Diſcoveries in their turn, acquit Part of the Debt we owe this new People."

The State of New-York have made choice of General M'Dougall, John Lanſing, jun. Ephraim Paine, Walter Livingſton, and Charles De Witt, Eſq'rs, to repreſent that State in Congreſs.

Thurſday the 29th of January, the Lower Houſe of Aſſembly of the State of Connecticut, came to a Vote reſpecting the Impoſt recommended by Congreſs, when the Yeas and Nays being required, they were as follows: Yeas 37; Nays 69.

A Letter from Hartford to a Perſon in New-York, ſays, "The Corporation of New-Haven is to conſiſt of a Mayor, Aldermen, and Common Council, Officers hitherto unknown in the Eaſtern States: Nothing can be more wiſe and more liberal than the Principles on which the Charter is founded; the Corporation will enjoy a greater Degree of Power than in any Governments; ſuffice it to ſay, that the recovery of any Debt whatever cannot exceed Three Months. This Charter, which will ſoon be printed, offers to every Man, of whatever religion or political Principles, the Right of Citizenſhip, legal Peace, and a Participation of all Immunities. The Power of this Corporation extends to the Embelliſhment of their City: They propoſe to have all their Streets, which are ſpacious, planted with Trees, their Houſes uniform, and all the Roads leading to it ſtrait, and adorned on both Sides with a double Plantation of Elms, as far as their Juriſdiction extends. Early in the Spring they intend carrying their Pier more than a Quater of a Mile further out, and to add to it whatever can render the Harbour ſafe and convenient. They likewiſe propoſe to cut a Canal of Three Miles to unite Part of the River Farmington with the Waters of their own; this will open an eaſy

Communication into the Heart of a Country full of Timber, Masts and Spars. Determined to depend no longer on other States for the Exportation of their Staples, they have exported, this Year, all their Flax-seed, in Five Vessels of their own; in short, they will strain every Nerve, and exert every laudable Industry, to render their new City happy, free and commercial."

A Subscription was lately opened at Philadelphia for the Relief of the Poor, when the generous Sum of 2000 Dollars were immediately collected.

By the latest Accounts from Philadelphia we learn that the following Vessels have arrived in and about their Bay, viz. A Ship from Sardam; 5 Ditto and a Brig from Amsterdam; a Brig from Rotterdam; 2 Ships from London, one of them in 23 Days; 1 Ditto from Liverpool; 1 Ditto from Bremen; 1 Ditto and a Brig from Hamburgh; 1 Ditto from Lisbon; a Snow from Bristol; a Brig from Jamaica; a Ship from Stromness, in Scotland, and a large Ship, unknown, under sail, and plying about the Edge of the Ice. Most of the above Vessels are said to be very distressed.

MARRIED]—At Providence, Mr. WILLIAM LARNED, Merchant, to Miss SALLY SMITH, Daughter of JOHN SMITH, Esq;—Capt. EBENEZER MACOMBER to Miss ABIGAIL PACKARD, Daughter of Capt. NATHANIEL PACKARD.—At Smithfield, Capt. DAVID SAYLES to Miss SILENCE WHIPPLE, Daughter of Capt. STEPHEN WHIPPLE.—In this Town, Mr. THOMAS FRY to Miss POLLY BULL, Daughter of the late Capt. JOSEPH BULL.

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State of Rhode-Island and Providence Plantations.
In GENERAL ASSEMBLY, February Session, 1784.

WHEREAS the Definitive Articles of Peace and Friendship between the United States of America and his Britannic Majesty have at the present Session been officially received from Congress, together with the Approbation and Ratification of Congress thereof. It is therefore Voted and Resolved, That his Excellency the Governor be requested to issue a Proclamation making known the same and the Resolve of Congress thereon, and cause it to be proclaimed by the Sheriffs of the several Counties, in their respective County Towns, on such Day as his Excellency shall appoint.

It is further Voted and Resolved, That this General Assembly will take into mature Consideration such Parts of the Recommendations of Congress on the said Definitive Treaty as the particular Matters so recommended shall call for their Determination.

It is further Resolved, That this Resolve be published in the Newport and Providence News-Papers.

A true Copy duly examined:
Witness,
HENRY WARD, Sec'ry.

The late Arrival of the Western Mail this Day prevents our making any further Extracts from the Papers than what follows, viz.

NEW-YORK, February 26.

By the ship Wilson, Capt. Thomson, which arrived on Thursday last, in 7 weeks and three days from Liverpool, we learn, that on or about the 20th of December last, the famous India bill, for depriving the English East-India company of the exclusive trade to that part of the world, and investing it in the hands of the government, was carried, by a very large majority, in the House of Commons; but negatived by a majority of three, in the House of Lords. The immediate consequence of which was, the immediate resignation of Messieurs Fox and North, and the appointment of the Hon. William Pitt, Esq; as first Lord of the Treasury. His Britannic Majesty opposed the bill through all its various stages, and the Prince of Wales found himself in the minority by adhering to the fortunes of the Fox. That it was expected a dissolution of parliament would also take place in a day or two—that the affairs of the British nation were in the utmost state of distraction—the people in great uproar and confusion—stocks low and money scarce—that the last advices from the Indies contain the most disagreeable relation of an engagement between the French and the English armies, and their Auxiliaries, the death of Sir Eyre Coot the Elliot of the East—and that the English affairs in that quarter, wore a very gloomy aspect.

In Mr. Fox's statement of the East-India company affairs, he endeavoured to prove that they were in a state of bankruptcy, with a deficiency of five millions. But the company, on the contrary, denied the fact, and as ingeniously proved that after all their debts, &c. were paid, a surplus or residue would remain, of three millions.

The Shelburn packet sailed from Falmouth for this port 5 weeks before the Tankerville, which occasions some anxiety for her safety.

The same day sailed from this port Le Courier de la Amerique, Captain le Chevelier de Aboville for France and several other vessels destined for Europe and the West-Indies.

And on Sunday the ship Edward, Capt. Coupar, took her departure for London. In the above French packet went Colonel Harmar, and in the Edward Capt. Coupar, Major Franks with the public despatches of Congress, for the respective courts, containing the ratification of the Definitive Articles of peace.

Also in the Edward, went passengers, Mr. Eliphalet Brush, of this city, Merchant, and Mr. Peregrine Bourdieu.

Last Sunday sailed for China, the ship Empress of China, Capt. Green. A Correspondent remarks, that notwithstanding the many difficulties he may have to encounter with, as being the first ship from this new nation, to that rich and distant part of the world. from his character as an able and spirited navigator, we may form a pleasing presage of that success which every friend to his country wishes him. And to the gentlemen, whose ambition to discover new resources of wealth, by forming new channels for the extension of our commerce, a contemplation on the services they are rendering their county, must sufficiently compensate for the risque of their propetty.

NAVAL-OFFICE, *Port of Newport, March 6.*

INWARD ENTRIES, *From*
N O N E.

CLEARED, *For*
N O N E.

TOWN-COUNCIL, Newport, March 1, 1784.

ASSIZE of BREAD, for the present Month.

SUPERFINE FLOUR, at 27s. 6d. per Cwt.

	lb.	oz.	
16 Penny Loaf to weigh	4	14½	Avoirdupoise.
8 Penny Ditto,	2	7¼	
4 Penny Ditto,	1	3⅝	
Two Copper Biscuit,	0	6	

COMMON FLOUR, at 24s.

16 Penny Loaf to weigh	5	10	Avoirdupoise.
8 Penny Ditto,	2	13	
4 Penny Ditto,	1	6½	
Two Copper Biscuit,	0	7	

No other but the above Assize to be baked
By Order of Council:
Witness,
P. BARKER, Jun. Council-Clerk.

To be SOLD, by
Silvester Robinson,

ABOUT Seventy Acres of Land, with a large commodious Dwelling-House and Dry Goods Shop and Store, Corn-Crib, Stable, and Orchard, at present under the Tenure of John Dockray of South-Kingstown, the said Estate adjoins the Post-Road, and is about one Mile to the Westward of Socatucket River, very conveniently situated for a Retailer of Dry Goods, &c. An indisputable Title will be given to the Purchaser by said Robinson.

South-Kingstown, the 4th of the 3d Month, 1784.

To be Sold, at Public Vendue, on Wednesday the 24th of March inst. at 3 o'Clock, P. M. on the Premises, if not redeemed before,

A MORTGAGE on 100 Acres of Land, lying in Middletown, the Estate of Elizabeth Smith, late of Middletown, deceased, by

JOHN HOLMES, Executor.

March 3, 1784.

THE Honorable Town-Council of Newport having appointed us the Subscribers Commissioners, and allowed Six Months to receive and examine the Claims of the Creditors to the Estate of JONATHAN FAIRBANK, deceased, and the Estate of his Wife SUSANNAH FAIRBANK, late of Newport, deceased, represented insolvent. We hereby give Notice to all those who have any Demands on said Estate, to exhibit them to us, at our respective Dwellings; and all those who are indebted to said Estate are requested to make Payment within the above Time, to

JOHN GARDNER,
JOSEPH TILLINGHAST.

Newport, March 1, 1783.

Just imported in the Sloop Newport Packet from Philadelphia, and to be Sold, by

GEORGE GIBBS,

SUPERFINE and common FLOUR—Bar-Iron sorted.

He has likewise for Sale Bohea Tea per Chest, Hundred, or Dozen—Cream colour'd Ware in Crates—Duck by the Bolt—and Cordage of all Sizes.

The NEWPORT PACKET will sail for Philadelphia as soon as the Weather will permit. For Freight or Passage apply to said Gibbs, or to Samuel Lawton, Master, on board.

Newport, March 1, 1784.

TOPHAM, BOSS, and NEWMAN,

Have for SALE at their STORE, Near the Point Ferry,

JAMAICA Spirits, New-England Rum—Sugar—Molasses—superfine & common Flour—best Philadelphia Bar-Iron—Salt.—Also a few Barrels of Tar, &c. at the lowest Rate for Cash.

Country Produce will be taken in Part Pay.

TO BE SOLD, BY
N. ANCIAUX,

At the House late Thomas Richardson's, deceased,

A QUANTITY of Brown SUGAR, by the Hogshead or Barrel, likewise excellent French CORDIALS of different Kinds.

JUST PUBLISHED, and to be SOLD, by SOLOMON SOUTHWICK, and the Printer hereof,

CONSIDERATIONS
On the Society or Order of
CINCINNATI;
LATELY INSTITUTED
By the Major-Generals, Brigadier-Generals, and other Officers of the American Army.
Proving that it creates a Race of Hereditary
Patricians, or Nobility.
Interspersed with Remarks on its Consequences to the Freedom and Happiness of the Republic.
Addressed to the People of South-Carolina, and their Representatives.
By CASSIUS. Supposed to be written by Ædanus Burke, Esquire, one of the Chief Justices of the State of South-Carolina.

Communication into the Heart of a Country full of Timber, Masts and Spars. Determined to depend no longer on other States for the Exportation of their Staples, they have exported, this Year, all their Flax-seed, in Five Vessels of their own; in short, they will strain every Nerve, and exert every laudable Industry, to render their new City happy, free and commercial."

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State of Rhode-Island and Providence Plantations.
In GENERAL ASSEMBLY, February Session, 1784.

WHEREAS the Definitive Articles of Peace and Friendship between the United States of America and his Britannic Majesty have at the present Session been officially received from Congress, together with the Approbation and Ratification of Congress thereof. It is therefore Voted and Resolved, That his Excellency the Governor be requested to issue a Proclamation making known the same and the Resolve of Congress thereon, and cause it to be proclaimed by the Sheriffs of the several Counties, in their respective County Towns, on such Day as his Excellency shall appoint.

It is further Voted and Resolved, That this General Assembly will take into mature Consideration such Parts of the Recommendations of Congress on the said Definitive Treaty as the particular Matters so recommended shall call for their Determination.

It is further Resolved, That this Resolve be published in the Newport and Providence News-Papers.

A true Copy duly examined:
Witness,
HENRY WARD, Sec'ry.

The late Arrival of the Western Mail this Day prevents our making any further Extracts from the Papers than what follows, viz.

NEW-YORK, February 26.

By the ship Wilson, Capt. Thomson, which arrived on Thursday last, in 7 weeks and three days from Liverpool, we learn, that on or about the 20th of December last, the famous India bill, for depriving the English East-India company of the exclusive trade to that part of the world, and investing it in the hands of the government, was carried, by a very large majority, in the House of Commons; but negatived by a majority of three, in the House of Lords. The immediate consequence of which was, the immediate resignation of Messieurs Fox and North, and the appointment of the Hon. William Pitt, Esq; as first Lord of the Treasury. His Britannic Majesty opposed the bill through all its various stages, and the Prince of Wales found himself in the minority by adhering to the fortunes of the Fox. That it was expected a dissolution of parliament would also take place in a day or two—that the affairs of the British nation were in the utmost state of distraction—the people in great uproar and confusion—stocks low and money scarce—that the last advices from the Indies contain the most disagreeable relation of an engagement between the French and the English armies, and their Auxiliaries, the death of Sir Eyre Coot the Elliot of the East—and that the English affairs in that quarter, wore a very gloomy aspect.

In Mr. Fox's statement of the East-India company affairs, he endeavoured to prove that they were in a state of bankruptcy, with a deficiency of five millions. But the company, on the contrary, denied the fact, and as ingeniously proved that after all their debts, &c. were paid, a surplus or residue would remain, of three millions.

The Shelburn packet sailed from Falmouth for this port 5 weeks before the Tankerville, which occasions some anxiety for her safety.

The same day sailed from this port Le Courier de la Amerique, Captain le Chavelier de Aboville for France and several other vessels destined for Europe and the West-Indies.

And on Sunday the ship Edward, Capt. Coupar, took her departure for London. In the above French packet went Colonel Harmar, and in the Edward Capt. Coupar, Major Franks with the public despatches of Congress, for the respective courts, containing the ratification of the Definitive Articles of peace.

Also in the Edward, went passengers, Mr. Eliphalet Brush, of this city, Merchant, and Mr. Peregrine Bourdieu.

Last Sunday sailed for China, the ship Empress of China, Capt. Green. A Correspondent remarks, that notwithstanding the many difficulties he may have to encounter with, as being the first ship from this new nation, to that rich and distant part of the world, from his character as an able and spirited navigator, we may form a pleasing presage of that success which every friend to his country wishes him. And to the gentlemen, whose ambition to discover new resources of wealth, by forming new channels for the extension of our commerce, a contemplation on the services they are rendering their county, must sufficiently compensate for the risque of their propetty.

NAVAL-OFFICE, *Port of Newport, March 6.*

INWARD ENTRIES, *From*
NONE.

CLEARED, *For*
NONE.

TOWN-COUNCIL, Newport, March 1, 1784.

ASSIZE of BREAD, for the present Month.

SUPERFINE FLOUR, at 27s. 6d. per Cwt.

	lb.	oz.	
16 Penny Loaf to weigh	4	14½	Avoirdupoize.
8 Penny Ditto,	2	7¼	
4 Penny Ditto,	1	3½	
Two Copper Biscuit,	0	6	
COMMON FLOUR, at 24s.			
16 Penny Loaf to weigh	5	10	
8 Penny Ditto,	2	13	
4 Penny Ditto,	1	6½	
Two Copper Biscuit,	0	7	

No other but the above Assize to be baked
By Order of Council:
Witness,
P. BARKER, jun. Council-Clerk.

To be SOLD, by
silvester Robinson,

ABOUT Seventy Acres of Land, with a large commodious Dwelling-House and Dry Goods Shop and Store, Corn-Crib, Stable, and Orchard, at present under the Tenure of John Dockray of South-Kingstown, the said Estate adjoins the Post-Road, and is about one Mile to the Westward of Socatucket River, very conveniently situated for a Retailer of Dry Goods, &c. An indisputable Title will be given to the Purchaser by said Robinson.

South-Kingstown, the 4th of the 3d Month, 1784.

To be Sold, at Public Vendue, on Wednesday the 24th of March inst. at 3 o'Clock, P. M. on the Premises, if not redeemed before,

A MORTGAGE on 100 Acres of Land, lying in Middletown, the Estate of Elizabeth Smith, late of Middletown, deceased, by

JOHN HOLMES, Executor.

March 3, 1784.

THE Honorable Town-Council of Newport having appointed us the Subscribers Commissioners, and allowed Six Months to receive and examine the Claims of the Creditors to the Estate of JONATHAN FAIRBANK, deceased, and the Estate of his Wife SUSANNAH FAIRBANK, late of Newport, deceased, represented insolvent. We hereby give Notice to all those who have any Demands on said Estate, to exhibit them to us, at our respective Dwellings; and all those who are indebted to said Estate are requested to make Payment within the above Time, to

JOHN GARDNER,
JOSEPH TILLINGHAST.

Newport, March 1, 1783.

Just imported in the Sloop Newport Packet from Philadelphia, and to be Sold, by

GEORGE GIBBS,

SUPERFINE and common FLOUR—Bar-Iron sorted.

He has likewise for Sale Bohea Tea per Chest, Hundred, or Dozen—Cream coloured Ware in Crates—Duck by the Bolt—and Cordage of all Sizes.

The NEWPORT PACKET will sail for Philadelphia as soon as the Weather will permit. For Freight or Passage apply to said Gibbs, or to Samuel Lawton, Master, on board.

Newport, March 1, 1784.

TOPHAM, BOSS, and NEWMAN,

Have for SALE at their STORE, Near the Point Ferry,

JAMAICA Spirits, New-England Rum—Sugar—Molasses—superfine & common Flour—best Philadelphia Bar-Iron—Salt.—Also a few Barrels of Tar, &c. at the lowest Rate for Cash.

Country Produce will be taken in Part Pay.

TO BE SOLD, BY
N. ANCIAUX,

At the House late Thomas Richardson's, deceased,

A QUANTITY of Brown SUGAR, by the Hogshead or Barrel, likewise excellent French CORDIALS of different Kinds.

JUST PUBLISHED, and to be SOLD, by SOLOMON SOUTHWICK, and the Printer hereof,

CONSIDERATIONS
On the Society or Order of
CINCINNATI;
LATELY INSTITUTED
By the Major-Generals, Brigadier-Generals, and other Officers of the American Army.
Proving that it creates a Race of Hereditary
Patricians, or Nobility.
Interspersed with Remarks on its Consequences to the Freedom and Happiness of the Republic.
Addressed to the People of South-Carolina, and their Representatives.
By CASSIUS. Supposed to be written by Ædanus Burke, Esquire, one of the Chief Justices of the State of South-Carolina.

FOR SALE,
And to be removed immediately,
Two Buildings on the Eſtate
lately belonging to Mr. Samuel Lyndon. Inquire of GEORGE GIBBS.
Newport, February 25, 1784.

TO BE SOLD,

AN excellent FARM on Brenton's Neck, containing about 320 Acres (Part of the Eſtate of Jahleel Brenton, Eſq; deceaſed, and now improved by Mr. George Hazard, the ſaid Farm has a good Dwelling-Houſe, Barn, Crib, &c. and well watered, is contiguous to ſeveral Beaches, which affords vaſt Quantity of Sea Manure, and which may be conveyed with little Labour to ſaid Eſtate—it is alſo extremely convenient for Fowling, Fiſhing, &c. Any Perſon that has an Inclination to purchaſe, may know the Terms by applying to the Subſcriber, who has full Power to diſpoſe of the ſame.

BENJAMIN BRENTON.
Newport, February 25, 1784.

WHEREAS PATIENCE Wife of me the Subſcriber has behaved herſelf unbecoming; this is to notify the Public not to truſt her on my Account, as I will not pay any Debts of her contracting from this Date.

WILLIAM CORNELL
Dartmouth, the 20th Day of 2d Month, 1784.

SNUFF.

EXCELLENT Snuff to be ſold, at Two Shillings and Five-pence per Dozen, by
CHARLES DUNBAR,
At his Shop the Corner of the Old Church Lane, Thames-ſtreet.

Alſo Weſt-India and other Goods, cheap for Caſh, and a very good Aſſortment of Crockery Ware.

ALL Perſons having any Demands againſt the Eſtate of Capt. EBENEZER VOSE, late of Newport, deceaſed, are requeſted to bring them in to either of us the Subſcribers, at our reſpective Dwellings, within three Months from this Date: And all thoſe indebted to ſaid Eſtate are deſired to make Payment within the above time to.

EDWARD VOSE,
JOHN HOLMES,
NATHANIEL SOWLE, } Executors.
Newport, February 7, 1784.

ALL Perſons having Claims againſt the Eſtate of WILLIAM HARRISON, late of Newport, Miller, deceaſed, are deſired to exhibit the ſame: And thoſe indebted to ſaid Eſtate are requeſted to make immediate Payment to. ANN HARRISON, Adminiſtratrix.
Newport, February 12, 1784.

To be SOLD cheap,
A Farm containing about 320 Acres of Land, lying upon a public Road in the Town of Exeter, about ſeven Miles from Updike's Newtown, and about eight Miles from Franklin's Ferry, which Farm is well wooded and watered, and proportioned with Meadow, Paſture and Plowland, and has thereon a good Dwelling-Houſe, Barn, and Crib, with a large and good Orchard. Whoever inclines to purchaſe ſaid Farm, may know the Conditions by applying to William Hammand, of Newport, or William Hammand, Eſq; of North Kingſtown. The Pay will be made eaſy to the Purchaſer.
December 1, 1783.

JUST IMPORTED, BY
Chriſt. Champlin,
And to be SOLD at his STORE,

BOHEA TEA, by the Cheſt of the beſt Quality—Swediſh Iron in Bars aſſorted—Ruſſia Duck—Oznabrigs—Ticklenburg—China Cups and Saucers—Ruſſian Hemp—Junk of the beſt Kind—and a few Hogſheads of Molaſſes, fit for Retailing.
Newport, December 24, 1783.

Juſt imported, and to be SOLD, by
George Champlin, William Minturn, and James Robinſon,

BOHEA TEA by the Cheſt—Swediſh Iron in Bars—Ditto round—China—Ruſſia Duck—Light Ditto—and beſt Philadelphia FLOUR.
Newport, December 19, 1783.

To be LET, and entered upon the 25th of March next,
A Farm of One Hundred Acres,
with a good Houſe, Barn and Crib, lying within Three Miles of the Town of Newport, belonging to Oliver Warner. For Terms apply to THANKFUL READER in Newport.
February 20, 1784.

To be Sold on Monday, 10 o'Clock, A. M. the 15th of March next, at Public Vendue, at the Houſe of Mr. Robert Cornell, in Middletown, unleſs ſold before at private Sale,

Two Lots of Land, late the Property of Samuel Bailey, of Middletown, deceaſed
—The One bounded on Land of Stephen Ayrault, Joſeph Peabody, Benjamin Smith, and other Land of ſaid Samuel and Elitha Barker, containing by Eſtimation 15 Acres, ſituate in Middletown—The other ſituate in Portſmouth, and is bounded on Land of John Lawton, Thomas Coggeſhall, jun. Parker Hall, and William Redwood, or the Heirs of Samuel Holmes, containing about Twelve Acres and a Half. Perſons diſpoſed to purchaſe at private Sale, may apply to Mr. Nicholas Eaſton, or Mr. Parker Hall, both of Middletown, who are authoriſed to diſpoſe of the ſame.

By Order of the Town-Council of Middletown: Witneſs,
THO PECKHAM, Council-Clerk.

To be SOLD, on the 10th of March inſt. on the Premiſes, at 2 o'clock P. M. if not ſold at private Sale before,

ALL that LOT of LAND late the Property of Col. ROBERT ELLIOT, deceaſed, ſituate in Middletown, near Whitehall.—The Terms of Sale to be then known.

By Order of the Town-Council:
Witneſs,
PELEG BARKER jun. Council-Clerk.

To be Let, and entered upon the 25th of March next,

A FARM, in Portſmouth on Rhode-Iſland, containing 188 Acres, with a Dwelling-Houſe, Crib, and other Buildings thereon; is exceedingly well watered, and has a good Orchard. For further Particulars inquire of Abraham Brown of Tiverton.
February 20th, 1784.

TO BE SOLD,

A Compleat Set of Block-Maker's Tools with a Wheel, and a Quantity of Lignumvitæ. Inquire of the Printer.
Newport, February 20, 1784.

TO BE SOLD.

THE pleaſantly ſituated Farm, late the Seat of John Jepſon, Eſq; deceaſed, containing about Ninety Acres of good Land lying in Portſmouth, upon Rhode-Iſland, Four and an Half Miles diſtant from the Town of Newport; has thereon a very good Houſe, Crib, and Barn, with Two excellent Orchards; is extremely well fenced with Stone Wall and is well watered; has a good Garden and many other Conveniences.

Alſo One Hundred Acres of good Land on the Iſland of Prudence; any Perſon wanting to Purchaſe may know the Terms by Applying to the Subſcriber, who is empowered to diſpoſe of the ſame.

JOHN BOURS.
Newport, January 23, 1784.

TO BE SOLD, BY
Nathan Bebee,
At his Shop next Door Weſt of the Brick Market, *exceeding cheap for Caſh*, the following Articles:

CORDUROYS,
Sattinets,
Callimancoes,
Tammies,
Shalloons,
Iriſh Linens,
Dowlas,
Calicoes,
Black and white trimming gauzes,
Black and white millinet,
Silk, linen, and cotton handkerchiefs,
Apron and thirſting checks,
Buckrams, twiſts, and ſewing ſilks,
Crewels,
Ribbands, tapes, and binding,
Complete ſets of houſe bruſhes,
Sieve bottoms,
Writing paper,
Slates and pencils,
Beſt Britiſh ink-powder, and ink-cake,
Dutch quills,
Braſs, leather, and paper ink-pots,
Wafers, and ſealing wax,
Beaver hats,
Engliſh ſoles and toppieces,
Ivory and horn combs,
Coloured and Scots thread,
Likewiſe,
Shovels and tongs,
Shovel pans,
Bellows,
Candleſticks,
Poliſh'd ſteel ſnuffers,
Warming pans,
Frying pans,
Metal tea pots of different ſizes,
Thumb-latches,
Iron ſcoop ſhovels,
Braſs nob locks,
Double and ſingle ſpring cheſt-locks,
Large and ſmall padlocks,
Table knives and forks,
Cuſteau & penknives,
Shears and ſciſſars,
Corkſcrews,
Shoe knives,
Hammers and pincers,
Nippers,
Awl-blades,
Awl-hafts,
Tacks,
Raſps and files,
Cheſt hinges,
H and HL hinges,
Table joints,
Two feet rules,
Spike and other gimlets,
20d, 10d, 4d, and 3d nails,
German, Engliſh, and Swediſh ſteel,
White metal and braſs,
ſteel top thimbles,
Plated ſhoe and knee buckles,
Small croſs-cut and handſaws,
Looking glaſſes,
A very good aſſortment of glaſs, Liverpool, and Nottingham ware,
Pewter and tin ware,
Large bibles,
Teſtaments,
Spelling-books,
Young man's beſt companion,
Daily aſſiſtants,
Childrens books,
Almanacks for 1784,
Alſo,
Molaſſes,
Loaf and brown ſugar,
Souchong and bohea tea, Coffee,
Chocolate, Pepper,
Flour, Rice,
Indigo,
Starch,
Powder, ſhot, and flints,
Raiſins, currants, and figs,
Mace, cloves, nutmegs, cinnamon, and allſpice,
Spaniſh brown,
Copperas,
Allum,
Brimſtone,
Redwood,
Logwood,
Excellent ſnuff at 2/5 per lb. by the doz.
Womens' ſattinet and callimanco ſhoes, made in this town, very neat,
Alſo Miſtick Tile for ovens and houſe hearths.

And ſundry other articles, which are not mentioned.

FOR SALE,
And to be removed immediately,
Two Buildings on the Eſtate
lately belonging to Mr. Samuel Lyndon. Inquire of GEORGE GIBBS.
Newport, February 25, 1784.

TO BE SOLD,

AN excellent FARM on Brenton's Neck, containing about 320 Acres (Part of the Eſtate of Jahleel Brenton, Eſq; deceaſed, and now improved by Mr. George Hazard, the ſaid Farm has a good Dwelling-Houſe, Barn, Crib, &c. and well watered, is contiguous to ſeveral Beaches, which affords vaſt Quantity of Sea Manure, and which may be conveyed with little Labour to ſaid Eſtate—it is alſo extremely convenient for Fowling, Fiſhing, &c. Any Perſon that has an Inclination to purchaſe, may know the Terms by applying to the Subſcriber, who has full Power to diſpoſe of the ſame.

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Newport, February 25, 1784.

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WILLIAM CORNELL.
Dartmouth, the 20th Day of 2d Month, 1784.

SNUFF.

EXCELLENT Snuff to be ſold, at Two Shillings and Five-pence per Dozen, by
CHARLES DUNBAR,
At his Shop the Corner of the Old Church Lane, Thames-ſtreet.

Alſo Weſt India and other Goods, cheap for Caſh, and a very good Aſſortment of Crockery Ware.

ALL Perſons having any Demands againſt the Eſtate of Capt. EBENEZER VOSE, late of Newport, deceaſed, are requeſted to bring them in to either of us the Subſcribers, at our reſpective Dwellings, within three Months from this Date: And all thoſe indebted to ſaid Eſtate are deſired to make Payment within the above time to.

EDWARD VOSE,
JOHN HOLMES,
NATHANIEL SOWLE, } Executors.
Newport, February 7, 1784.

ALL Perſons having Claims againſt the Eſtate of WILLIAM HARRISON, late of Newport, Miller, deceaſed, are deſired to exhibit the ſame: And thoſe indebted to ſaid Eſtate are requeſted to make immediate Payment to. ANN HARRISON, Adminiſtratrix.
Newport, February 12, 1784.

To be SOLD cheap,
A Farm containing about 320 Acres of Land, lying upon a public Road in the Town of Exeter, about ſeven Miles from Updike's Newtown, and about eight Miles from Franklin's Ferry, which Farm is well wooded and watered, and proportioned with Meadow, Paſture and Plowland, and has thereon a good Dwelling-Houſe, Barn, and Crib, with a large and good Orchard. Whoever inclines to purchaſe ſaid Farm, may know the Conditions by applying to William Hammand, of Newport, or William Hammand, Eſq; of North Kingſtown. The Pay will be made eaſy to the Purchaſer.
December 1, 1783.

JUST IMPORTED, BY
Chriſt. Champlin,
And to be SOLD at his STORE,

BOHEA TEA, by the Cheſt of the beſt Quality—Swediſh Iron in Bars aſſorted—Ruſſia Duck—Oznabrigs—Ticklenburg—China Cups and Saucers—Ruſſian Hemp—Junk of the beſt Kind—and a few Hogſheads of Molaſſes, fit for Retailing.

Newport, December 24, 1783.

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February 20, 1784.

To be Sold on Monday, 10 o'Clock, A. M. the 15th of March next, at Public Vendue, at the Houſe of Mr. Robert Cornell, in Middletown, unleſs ſold before at private Sale,

Two Lots of Land, late the Property
of Samuel Bailey, of Middletown, deceaſed—The One bounded on Land of Stephen Ayrault, Joſeph Peabody, Benjamin Smith, and other Land of ſaid Samuel and Eliſha Barker, containing by Eſtimation 15 Acres, ſituate in Middletown—The other ſituate in Portſmouth, and is bounded on Land of John Lawton, Thomas Coggeſhall, jun. Parker Hall, and William Redwood, or the Heirs of Samuel Holmes, containing about Twelve Acres and a Half. Perſons diſpoſed to purchaſe at private Sale, may apply to Mr. Nicholas Eaſton, or Mr. Parker Hall, both of Middletown, who are authoriſed to diſpoſe of the ſame.

By Order of the Town Council of Middletown: Witneſs,
THO PECKHAM, Council-Clerk.

To be SOLD, on the 10th of March inſt. on the Premiſes, at 2 o'clock P. M. if not ſold at private Sale before,

ALL that LOT of LAND late the Property of Col. ROBERT ELLIOT, deceaſed, ſituate in Middletown, near Whitehall.—The Terms of Sale to be then known.

By Order of the Town-Council:
Witneſs,
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February 20th, 1784.

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Newport, February 20, 1784.

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THE pleaſantly ſituated Farm, late the Seat of John Jepſon, Eſq; deceaſed, containing about Ninety Acres of good Land lying in Portſmouth, upon Rhode-Iſland, Four and an Half Miles diſtant from the Town of Newport; has thereon a very good Houſe, Crib, and Barn, with Two excellent Orchards; is extremely well fenced with Stone Wall and is well watered; has a good Garden and many other Conveniences.

Alſo One Hundred Acres of good Land, on the Iſland of Prudence; any Perſon wanting to Purchaſe may know the Terms by Applying to the Subſcriber, who is empowered to diſpoſe of the ſame.

JOHN BOURS.
Newport, January 23, 1784.

TO BE SOLD, BY
Nathan Bebee,
At his Shop next Door Weſt of the Brick Market, *exceeding cheap for Caſh*, the following Articles:

CORDUROYS,
Sattinets,
Callimancoes,
Tammies,
Shalloons,
Iriſh Linens,
Dowlas,
Calicoes,
Black and white trimming gauzes,
Black and white millinet,
Silk, linen, and cotton handkerchiefs,
Apron and ſhirting checks,
Buckrams, twiſts, and ſewing ſilks,
Crewels,
Ribbands, tapes, and binding,
Complete ſets of houſe bruſhes,
Sieve bottoms,
Writing paper,
Slates and pencils,
Beſt Britiſh ink-powder, and ink-cake,
Dutch quills,
Braſs, leather, and paper ink-pots,
Wafers, and ſealing wax,
Beaver hats,
Engliſh ſoles and toppieces,
Ivory and horn combs,
Coloured and Scots thread,
Likewiſe,
Shovels and tongs,
Shovel pans,
Bellows,
Candleſticks,
Poliſh'd ſteel ſnuffers,
Warming pans,
Frying pans,
Metal tea pots of different ſizes,
Thumb-latches,
Iron ſcoop ſhovels,
Braſs nob locks,
Double and ſingle ſpring cheſt-locks,
Large and ſmall padlocks,
Table knives and forks,
Cuſteau & penknives,
Shears and ſciſſars,
Corkſcrews,
Shoe knives,
Hammers and pincers,
Nippers,
Awl-blades,
Awl-haſts,
Tacks,
Raſps and files,
Cheſt hinges,
H and HL hinges,
Table joints,
Two feet rules,
Spike and other gimlets,
20d, 10d, 4d, and 3d nails,
German, Engliſh, and Swediſh ſteel,
White metal and braſs, ſteel top thimbles,
Plated ſhoe and knee buckles,
Small croſs cut and handſaws,
Looking glaſſes,
A very good aſſortment of glaſs, Liverpool, and Nottingham ware,
Pewter and tin ware,
Large bibles,
Teſtaments,
Spelling-books,
Young man's beſt companion,
Daily aſſiſtants,
Childrens books,
Almanacks for 1784,
Alſo,
Molaſſes,
Loaf and brown ſugar,
Souchong and bohea tea, Coffee,
Chocolate, Pepper,
Flour, Rice,
Indigo,
Starch,
Powder, ſhot, and flints,
Raiſins, currants, and figs,
Mace, cloves, nutmegs, cinnamon, and allſpice,
Spaniſh brown,
Copperas,
Allum,
Brimſtone,
Redwood,
Logwood,
Excellent ſnuff at 2/5 per lb. by the doz.
Womens' ſattinet and callimanco ſhoes, made in this town, very neat,
Alſo Miſtick Tile for ovens and houſe hearths.

And ſundry other articles, which are not mentioned.